

OKTOBA 2023

INQABAYOKULINDA

EMEMEZELA UMBUSO KAJEHOVA



IZIHLOKO EZIZOFUNDWA
NGODISEMBA 11, 2023–JANUWARI 7, 2024

1923

EMINYAKENI EYIKHULU EDLULE

INQABAYOKULINDA kaJanuwari 1, 1923 yathi: “Silindele ukuba unyaka ka-1923 kube unyaka ojabulisa ngempela. Kuyilungelo elikhulu ukutshela . . . leli zwe elicindezelwe ukuthi ikusasa elingcono liseduze.” Lo nyaka wawuzobakhuthaza abafundi BeBhayibheli njengoba indlela ababekhonza ngayo uJehova nendlela ababeshumayela ngayo yayiqala ukubonisa ubunye, lobo esibubonayo namuhla.

UBUNYE EMIHLANGANWENI YEBANDLA

Phakathi nonyaka, inhlangano yenza izingquko ezithile ezasiza abafundi BeBhayibheli baba nobunye kakhudlwana endleleni abakhonza ngayo uNkulunkulu. *INqabayokulinda* yaqala ukunyathelisa amaphuzu achaza umBhalo okwakuxoxwa ngawo emhlanganweni Womthandazo, Wokudumisa Nowokunikeza Ubufakazi wamasonto onke. Ngaphezu kwalokho, abafundi BeBhayibheli benza ikhalenda elalinomBhalo wesonto ngalinye kanye neculo elalingaculwa esifundweni somuntu siqu nasekukhulekeleni komndeni.

Emihlanganweni yabo, abafundi BeBhayibheli babenikeza ubufakazi obuhlanganisa izinto ezazezeke enkonzweni yasensimini, amazwi okubonga uJehova, iculo, ngisho nomthandazo imbala. U-Eva Barney, owabhaphathizwa ngo-1923 eneminyaka engu-15, uyakhumbula: “Uma ufuna ukunikeza ubufakazi, wawusukuma usho into enjengokuthi, ‘Ngifisa ukubonga iNkosi ngazo zonke izinto

ezinhle engenzele zona.’” Abanye abazalwane babethanda ukunikeza ubufakazi. UDade Barney uyaqhubeka: “Umzalwane othandekayo osekhulile, uGodwin, wayenezinto eziningi kakhulu ayezibonga eNkosini. Kodwa lapho umkakhe ebona ukuthi umzalwane oqhubayo useqala ukuphelelwa isineke, wayedonsa ibhantshi lomyeni wakhe kancane ngemuva, bese umyeni wakhe ehlala phansi.”

Kanye ngenyanga, ibandla laliba noMhlangano okhethekile Womthandazo, Wokudumisa Nowokunikeza Ubufakazi. Ichaza lo mhlangano, *INqabayokulinda* ka-Ephreli 1, 1923, yathi: “Ingxenye yalo mhlangano kufanele isetshenziselwe ukunikeza ubufakazi obuhlobene nomsebenzi wokushumayela nokukhuthaza abenza lo msebenzi. . . . Sikholelwa ukuthi le mhlangano ekhuthazayo izobenza basondelane abazalwane.”

UCharles Martin, owayengummemezeli oneminyaka engu-19 eVancouver, eCanada, wazuza kakhulu kule mhlangano. Kamuva wathi: “Ngafunda lapho ukuthi kufanele ngithini lapho ngishumayela endlini ngendlu. Izikhathi eziningana othile wayexoxa ngalokho okwakwenzeke ngesikhathi eshumayela endlini ngendlu. Lokho kwakunginikeza amacebiso alokho engingakusho nendlela engingaphendula ngayo abantu abaphikisa ngezindlela ezihlukahlukene.”

UBUNYE EMSEBENZINI WOKUSHUMAYELA

“Izinsuku zenkonzo yasensimini” nazo zaba nesandla ekwenzeni inhlangano ibe nobunye. *INqabayokulinda* ka-Ephreli 1, 1923, yathi: “Ukuze sonke sibe nobunye . . . , uLwesibili, lwangoMeyi 1,



A. Ikhalelinda elinemiBhalo nezinombolo zamaculo

B. I-Bulletin kaMeyi 1, 1923

C. Umhlangano wabaFundi BeBhayibheli wango-1923, eLos Angeles

1923, luzoba usuku lwenkonzo yasensimini. Nge-mva kwalokho, uLwesibili lokuqala njalo enyange-ni luzoba usuku lwenkonzo yasensimini. . . . Wonke umuntu, kuwo wonke amabandla kufanele abe ne-ngxenywe kulo msebenzi.”

Ngisho nabaFundi BeBhayibheli abasebasha bawenza lo msebenzi. UHazel Burford, owayene-minyaka engu-16 nje kuphela ngaleso sikhathi, uyakhumbula: “I-Bulletin yayinezingxoxo eziyisibonelo esingazibamba ngekhandu.* Mina nomkhulu sahlanganyela ngentshiseko kulo msebenzi woku-shumayela.” Nokho, uDade Burford wamangala la-pho umuntu ayengamlindele emelana nokuthi wayeshumayela. Wathi: “Omunye umzalwane ose-khulile wayengafuni neze ngikhulume nabantu. Ngaleso sikhathi, abanye babengaqondi ukuthi bonke abaFundi BeBhayibheli, kuhlanguanise ‘nezi-nsizwa nezintombi,’ kufanele babe nengxenywe eku-dumiseni uMdali Omkhulu.” (IHu. 148:12, 13) Ko-dwa uDade Burford akayekanga ukushumayela. Kamuva waba sekilasini lesibili leSikole SaseGile-yadi, waba isithunywa sevangeli ePanama. Ngoku-

*Manje eyaziwa ngokuthi INcwajana YoMhlangano Wokuphila KokuKristu Nenkonzo Yethu.

hamba kwesikhathi, labo bazalwane bawulungisa umbono wabo ngokushumayela kwabantu abase-basha.

UBUNYE EMIHLANGANWENI EMIKHULU

Imihlangano yesigodi neyesifunda nayo yenza abafowethu baba nobunye kakhudlwana. Eminingi yale mihlangano yayiba nezinsuku zenkonzo yase-nsimini. Ngokwesibonelo, emhlanganweni owawu-seWinnipeg, eCanada, bonke ababekhona bace-lwa ukuba bashumayeke kulelo dolobha ngoMashi 31. Izinsuku zenkonzo yasensimini ezi-njengalezo zabeka isisekelo sokwanda kwalo mse-benzi esikhathini esizayo. Ngo-Agasti 5, abantu abangaba ngu-7 000 bathamela omunye umhla-ngano omkhulu eWinnipeg. Ngaleso sikhathi eCa-nada kwakuqala ngqa ukuba kube nabantu abani-ngi kangaka emhlanganweni.

Umhlangano ongasoze walibaleka wabantu ba-kaJehova ngo-1923 wawungo-Agasti 18-26, eLos Angeles, eCalifornia. Emasontweni andulela lowo mhlango, amaphephandaba ayenezikhangiso zawo. AbaFundi BeBhayibheli bona bahambisa izi-memo ezingaphezu kuka-500 000. Izimoto

ezithutha umphakathi nezimoto zabantu zazinezi-khangiso zalowo mhlango.

NgoMgqibelo, ngo-Agasti 25, uMfoweth'uRutherford wanikeza inkulumbo ethi "Izimvu Nezimbuzi." Kuleyo nkulumbo wacacisa ukuthi "izimvu" yilabo ababenesimo esihle sengqondo esiyobenza bathole ukuphila okuphakade epharadesi emhlabeni. Wafunda nezwi lesinqumo elithi "Isixwayiso." Leli zwi lesinqumo lalahla eLobukholwa lanxusa abanhliziyo ziqotho ukuba bazihlukanise 'neBhabhiloni Elikhulu.' (IsAm. 18:2, 4) Kamuva abafundi BeBhayibheli abashisekayo emhlabeni wonke basakaza izigidi zamapheshana analeli zwi lesinqumo.

"Le mihlangano ekhuthazayo izobenza basondelane abazalwane"

Ngosuku lokugcina lomhlangano, izithameli ezingaphezu kuka-30 000 zalalela uMfoweth'uRutherford enikeza inkulumbo yomphakathi ethi "Zonke Izizwe Manje Ziya E-Amargedoni, Kodwa Izigidi Eziphilayo Manje Azisoze Zafa." Belindele abantu abaningi kakhulu, abafundi BeBhayibheli baqasha inkundla yezemidlalo eyayisanda kwakhiwa, iLos Angeles Coliseum. Ukuze baqiniseke ukuthi wonke umuntu uyezwa, abazalwane basebenzisa izipikha zaleyo nkundla yezemidlalo, okwakuyinto entsha kwezobuchwepheshe ngaleso sikhathi. Abanye

abantu abaningi balalela isimiso somhlangano emsakazweni.

UKWANDA EMHLABENI WONKE

Ngonyaka ka-1923, kwaba nokwanda okuphawulekayo emsebenzini wokushumayela e-Afrika, eYurophu, eNdiya naseNingizimu Melika. ENdiya, u-A. J. Joseph wasiza ekukhiqizeni izincwadi ngesiHindi, isiTamil, isiTelugu nesi-Urdu, kuyilapho enakelela umkakhe nezingane eziyisithupha.

ESierra Leone, u-Alfred Joseph noLeonard Blackman, abangabafundi BeBhayibheli, babhalalela endlunkulu yomhlaba wonke eBrooklyn, eNew York, becela usizo. Ngo-Ephreli 14, 1923, isicelo sabo saphendulwa. U-Alfred wathi: "Ngolunye usuku ngoMgqibelo ebusuku, ngathola ucingo engangingalulindele." Wezwa umuntu onebhesi ethi, "Nguwe yini obhalele iWatch Tower Society ucela abantu abazoshumayela?" U-Alfred waphendula wathi, "Yebo yimina." UWilliam R. Brown wathi: "Bathumele mina." Wayefike ngalolo suku evela eCaribbean ehamba nomkakhe u-Antonia, namadodakazi abo asemancane uLouise noLucy. Abazalwane kwakungeke kudingeke balinde isikhathi eside ngaphambi kokuba bahlangane noMfoweth'uBrown nomndeni wakhe.

U-Alfred uyaqhubeka, uthi: "Ngakusasa eku-seni, mina noLeonard sasiqhuba isifundo seBhayibheli samasonto onke lapho kuqhamuka umdondoshiya wendoda emnyango.



D. UWilliam R. Brown nomndeni wakhe

E. UGeorge Young noSarah Ferguson (kwesokudla) nodadewabo



IBethel YaseMagdeburg ngawo-1920

KwakunguMfoweth'uBrown. Wayeshisekela iqiniso kangangokuba wayefuna ukunikeza inkulumo yeningi ngakusasa lokhu okusayo." Kungakapheli ngisho nenyanga, uMfoweth'uBrown wayesezihambise zonke izincwadi ayefike nazo. Ngokushesha ngemva kwalokho wathola ezinye izincwadi ezingaphezu kuka-5 000 futhi kungakabiphi kwase kudingeka ezinye izincwadi ezengeziwe. Kodwa uMfoweth'uBrown wayengaziwa ngokuthi ungunmdayisi wezincwadi. Phakathi nenkonzo yakhe ende eyisikhonzi sikaJehova esishisekayo, wayeyicaphuna njalo imiBhalo ezinkulumweni zakhe, waze wabizwa ngokuthi uBible Brown.

Phakathi naleso sikhathi, ihhovisi legatsha laseBarmen, eJalimane, lalinabantu abaningi kakhulu futhi lelo dolobha lalingase lihlaselwe yizwe elingumakhelwane, iFrance. AbaFundi BeBhayibheli bathola isakhiwo esikahle kakhulu ababengenzela kuso umsebenzi wokunyathelisa izincwadi eMagdeburg. NgoJuni 19, abafowethu baqedela ukupakisha imishini yokunyathelisa izincwadi nenye impahla, base bethuthela eBethel entsha eMagdeburg. Ngalo kanye usuku abazisa ngalo indlunkulu ukuthi umsebenzi wokuthutha wawusuphothuliwe, amaphephandaba amemezela ukuthi iFrance yayisilithathile idolobha laseBarmen. Abazalwane babheka loko kuthutha njengobufakazi bokuthi uJehova wayebabusisa futhi ebavikela.

EBrazil, uGeorge Young, owahamba amabanga amade eshumayela izindaba ezinhle, wamisa igatsha elisha futhi kwaqalwa ukunyatheliswa kweNqabayokulinda ngesiPutukezi. Phakathi nezinyanga ezimbalwa nje, wahambisa izincwadi ezingaphezu kuka-7 000. Ukufika kwakhe eBrazil kwanikeza noSarah Ferguson ithuba elijabulisa-

yo. Wayeqale ukufunda *INqabayokulinda* kusukela ngo-1899, kodwa wayengakaze athole ithuba lokubonisa ukuzinikezela kwakhe ngokubhaphathizwa ngamanzi. Ezinyangeni ezimbalwa ezalandela, uDade Ferguson nezingane zakhe ezine ekugcineni bakwazi ukuthatha lesi sinyathelo esibalulekile, babhaphathizwa.

“UKUKHONZA UNKULUNKULU NGENTSHISEKO NANGENJABULO”

Njengoba unyaka ka-1923 wawusuzophela, *INqabayokulinda* kaDisemba 15, 1923, yakhuluma nge-miphumela yokukhonza uNkulunkulu ngobunye kwabaFundi BeBhayibheli. Yathi: “Kulula ukubona ukuthi amabandla . . . anobuhlobo obuhle noNkulunkulu . . . Masizigqoke kahle izembatho zethu zempi, siqhubeke sikhonza uNkulunkulu ngentshiseko nangenjabulo kulo nyaka esiya kuwo.”

Unyaka olandelayo wawuzoba ingqophamlendo kubaFundi BeBhayibheli. Abafowethu eBethel base bechithe izinyanga bakha endaweni ethile eStaten Island, okuyibanga elifushane uma usuka endlunkulu eBrooklyn. Izakhiwo ababezakha kuleyo ndawo entsha zaqedwa ngo-1924, zasiza nasekwenzeni abazalwane babe nobunye nasekusakeni izindaba ezinhle ngezindlela ezingakaze zicatshangwe ngaphambili.

Ababenza umsebenzi wakwakha eStaten Island



INGOMA 101

Ukusebenza Ndawonye
Ngobunye

AMAZWIBELA

Ngenxa yokuthi sinesono, ngezinye izikhathi sonke sikuthola kunzima ukulalela, ngisho noma lowo osinika isiqondiso esuke enegunya lokusinika sona. Lesi sihloko sizokhuluma ngezinzuzo ezitholwa yilabo abalalela abazali, ‘amagunya aphakeme’ nabazalwane abaholayo ebandleni lobuKristu.

“Uyashesha” Yini “Ukulalela”?

“Ukhlakaniapha kwaphezulu . . . kuyashesha ukulalela.”

—JAK. 3:17.

KUYENZEKA yini ukuthole kunzima ukulalela? INkosi uDavide yakuthola kunzima, ngakho yathandaza kuNkulunkulu: “Ngenze ngibe nesifiso sokufuna ukukulalela.” (IHu. 51:12) UDavide wayemthanda uJehova. Noma kunjalo, ngezinye izikhathi wayekuthola kunzima ukulalela, kunjalo nangathi. Kungani? Okokuqala, ngezinye izikhathi asilaleli ngoba sikuzuze njengefa ukungalaleli. Okwesibili, uSathane uhlale ezama ukusenza singamlaleli uJehova, njengoba nje naye engamlalanga. (2 Kor. 11:3) Okwesithathu, sizungezwe izwe elinomoya wokuvukela, “umoya manje osebenza kubantu abangalaleli.” (Efe. 2:2) Kumele sisebenze kanzima ukuze simelane nengcindezi uDeveli naleli zwe abayibeka phezu kwethu ukuze singalaleli, singagcini nje ngokulwa nesono esibangela ukuba singalaleli. Kumele senze umzamo wokulalela uJehova nalabo abanike igunya.

² **Funda uJakobe 3:17.** Umbhali ophefumulelwe, uJakobe, wathi abantu abahlakaniphile ‘bayashesha ukulalela.’ Cabanga ngokuthi kusho ukuthini lokho. Kufanele sikulungele futhi sizimisele ukulalela labo uJehova abaphathise igunya elithile. Yiqiniso, uJehova akalindele ukuba silalele umuntu othi asingayilaleli imiyalo yaKhe.—IzE. 4:18-20.

1. Kungani kungaba nzima ukuba silalele?
2. Kusho ukuthini ‘ukushesha ukulalela’? (Jakobe 3:17)

³ Singase sikuthole kulula ukulalela uJehova kunokulalela umuntu. Lokho akusimangazi ngoba uJehova uhlale esinikeza iziqondiso ezingenaphutha. (IHu. 19:7) Lokhu akuvamile ngabantu abanegunya. Noma kunjalo, uBaba wethu osezulwini unikeze abazali, izikhulu zikahulumeni nabadala isilinganiso esithile segunya. (IzAga 6:20; 1 Thes. 5:12; 1 Pet. 2:13, 14) Lapho sibalalela, empeleni sisuke silalela uJehova. Ake sixoxe ngokuthi singabalalela kanjani abantu uJehova abanike igunya, nakuba ngezinye izikhathi singase sikuthole kunzima ukwamukela nokulalela iziqondiso zabo.

LALELA ABAZALI BAKHO

⁴ Abasebasha bazungezwe ontanga abanomkhuba ‘wokungabalaleli abazali.’ (2 Thim. 3:1, 2) Kungani iningi labo lingalaleli? Abanye banomuzwa wokuthi abazali babo bangabazenzisi. Balindele ukuba izingane zenze izinto bona abahlulekayo ukuzenza. Abanye babheka iseluleko sabazali njengesiyisidala, esingasebenzi noma esiqine kakhulu. Uma usemusha, kuke kwenzeka yini uzizwe kanjalo? Abaningi bakuthola kunzima ukulalela umyalo kaJehova othi: “Lalelani abazali benu abanobunye neNkosi, ngoba lokhu kulungile.” (Efe. 6:1) Yini engakusiza ubalalele?

⁵ Ungafunda ukulalela esibonelweni esizidlula zonke—uJesu. (1 Pet. 2:21-24) Wayengenasono kodwa enabazali abanesono. Noma kunjalo uJesu wabahlonipha abazali bakhe, ngisho nalapho benza amaphutha futhi bengamqondi ngezinye izikhathi. (Eks. 20:12) Cabanga ngalokho okwenzeka

3. Kungani kubalulekile kuJehova ukuba silalele abanegunya phezu kwethu?

4. Kungani izingane eziningi zingabalaleli abazali bazo?

5. Kungani kuphawuleka ukuthi uJesu wabalalela abazali bakhe njengoba kuboniswe kuLuka 2:46-52?

ka ngesikhathi eneminyaka engu-12. (**Funda uLuka 2:46-52.**) Abazali bakhe bamshiyaya eJerusalema. Kwakuwumthwalo kaJosefa noMariya ukuqinisekisa ukuthi zonke izingane zabo zikhona eqenjini elalibuyela ekhaya ngemva komkhosi. Lapho uJosefa noMariya bemthola uJesu ekugcineni, uMariya wamsola ngenkinga ayebabangele yona! UJesu wayengaveza ukuthi lokho ababekusho kwakungenabulungisa kangakanani. Kunalokho, waphendula abazali bakhe ngendlela elula nenenhlonipho. Nokho, uJosefa noMariya “abazange bakuqonde lokho ayekusho kubo.” Noma kunjalo, uJesu “waqhubeka ezithoba kubo.”

⁶ Basha, kuke kwenzeka yini nikuthole kunzima ukulalela abazali benu lapho benza amaphutha noma benganiqondi? Yini engasiza? Okokuqala, cabanga ngendlela uJehova azizwa ngayo. IBhayibheli lithi lapho ulalela abazali bakho, “lokhu kuyajabulisa kakhulu eNkosini.” (Kol. 3:20) UJehova uyabona lapho abazali bakho bengakuqondi ngokuphelele noma bebeka imithetho okungelula ukuyilalela. Kodwa lapho ubalalela yize kunjalo, umenza ajabule.

⁷ Okwesibili, cabanga ngendlela abazali bakho abazizwa ngayo. Lapho ubalalela, ubenza bajabule futhi ubenza bakwethembe. (IzAga 23:22-25) Cishe uyosondelana nabo nakakhulu. U-Alexandre umzalwane waseBelgium uthi: “Lapho ngiqala ukuzilalela ngokwengeziwe izicelo zabazali bami, ubuhlobo bethu bashintsha. Sasondelana futhi sajabula nakakhulu.”* Okwesithathu, cabanga

* Ukuze uthole amacebiso endlela ongakhuluma ngayo nabazali bakho ngemithetho okuthola kunzima ukuyilalela, bheka isihloko esithi “Kungani Kunemithetho Eminingi Kangaka?” ku-jw.org/zu.

6-7. Yini engasiza abasebasha balalele abazali babo?

ngokuthi ukulalela kwakho manje kuzokusi-za kanjani esikhathini esizayo. UPaulo ohlala eBrazil, uthi: “Ukufunda ukulalela abazali bami kungisize ngalalela uJehova nabanye abanamagunya.” IZwi likaNkulunkulu likutshela isizathu esibalulekile sokulalela abazali bakho. Lithi: “Ukuze kukuhambele kahle futhi uhlale isikhathi eside emhlabeni.”—Efe. 6:2, 3.

⁸ Abaningi abasebasha babonile ukuthi izinto zibahambela kahle kangakanani uma belalela. ULuiza, naye ongowaseBrazil, waqale wakuthola kunzima ukuqonda ukuthi kungani ayengavunyelwe ukuba nefoni okwesikhathi esithile. Wayengaqondi ngoba ontanga yakhe abaningi babenawo amafoni. Kodwa wabe esebona ukuthi empeleni abazali bakhe babemvikela. Uyazi ukuthi lapho elalela abazali bakhe, akufanele ezwe sengathi bayamcindezela ngenxa yokuthi uyasidinga ngempela iseluleko sabo. U-Elizabeth, udade osemusha wase-United States, ngezinye izikhathi usakuthola kunzima ukulalela abazali bakhe. Uyachaza, “Lapho ngingaqondi ngokugcwele ukuthi kungani abazali bami bebeke umthetho othile, ngizama ukukhumbula izikhathi lapho imithetho ababeyibekile yangivikela khona.” UMonica, ohlala e-Armenia, uthi izinto zihlale zimhambela kahle uma elalela abazali bakhe kunalapho engabalaleli khona.

LALELA ‘AMAGUNYA APHAKEME’

⁹ Abantu abaningi bayavuma ukuthi siyabadinga ohulumeni nokuthi kufanele okungenani siyilalele eminye imithetho ebekwa yila ‘magunya aphakeme.’ (Roma 13:1) Kodwa bona kanye labo bantu bangase banqikaze ukulalela umthetho obonakala unge-

8. Kungani abasebasha abaningi bekhetha ukulalela abazali babo?

9. Abaningi bazizwa kanjani ngokulalela umthetho?



Sifundani ngokulalela esibonelweni sikaJosefa noMariya? (Bheka izigaba 10-12)

nabulungisa noma weqisa. Ngokwesibonelo, cabanga ngendaba yokukhokha intela. Kwelinye izwe eYurophu, inhlolo-vo yaveza ukuthi abantu abaningi bakholelwa ukuthi “kulungile ukungayikhokhi intela uma ucabanga ukuthi ukuyikhokha akunabulungisa.” Akumangazi ukuthi izakhamuzi zakulelo zwe zikhokha intela engamaphesenti engaba ngu-65 kuleyo efunwa uhulumeni.

¹⁰ IBhayibheli liyavuma ukuthi ohulumeni babangela ukuhlupheka, balawulwa uSathane nokuthi maduze bazobhujiswa. (IHu. 110:5, 6; UmSh. 8:9; Luka 4:5, 6) Lisitshela nokuthi “noma ubani ophikisa igunya umelene nohlelo lukaNkulunkulu.” Ukulalela kwethu amagunya aphakeme kuyingxenye yelungiselelo likaJehova lesikhashana lokuba kube nokuhleleka. Ngakho, kumele ‘sinike bonke lokho okubafanele,’ okuhlanganisa intela, inhlonipho nokulalela. (Roma 13:1-7) Singase sibe nombono wokuthi umthetho othile

10. Kungani silalela ngisho nemithetho esingayithandi?



uyasiphazamisa, awunabulungisa noma ukuthi ukuwulalela kuzosifaka ezindlekweni. Kodwa silalela uJehova, futhi yena uthi asiwulalele la magunya aphakeme, uma nje engasiceli ukuba sephule imithetho yakhe.—IzE. 5:29.

¹¹ Singafunda esibonelweni sikaJosefa noMariya, abashesha ukulalela amagunya apha-keme ngisho noma kwakunzima ukwenza kanjalo. **(Funda uLuka 2:1-6.)** Lapho uMariya esezohlenganisa izinyanga ezingu-9 ekhulelwe, ukulalela kwabo kwavivinywa. U-Awugustu, owayenguMbusi eMbusweni WamaRoma, wayala ukuba kubalwe abantu. UJosefa noMariya kwadingeka baye eBhetlehema, uhambo olwalungaba amakhilomitha angu-150 endaweni enamagquma. Lolo hambo lwalungeke lube lula, ikakhulukazi kuMariya. Kungenzeka uJosefa noMariya babekhathazeke ngokuphepha kwakhe nokomntwana wabo ongakazalwa. Babezokwenzenjani uma eqa-

11-12. ULuka 2:1-6 uthi yini uJosefa noMariya abayenza ukuze balalele umthetho owawunzima, futhi kwaba nami-phi imiphumela? (Bheka nezithombe.)

lwa imihelo besesindleleni? Phela wayekhulelwe uMesiya othenjisiwe. Ingabe lokho kwakuzobenza bangawulaleli uhulumeni?

¹² UJosefa noMariya abazivumelanga lezo zinto ezazibakhathaza ukuba zibenze bangawulaleli umthetho. UJehova wababusisa ngenxa yokulalela kwabo. UMariya wafika ngokuphepha eBhetlehema, wazala ingane ephile saka, wasiza nasekugcwaliseni isiprofetho seBhayibheli!—Mika 5:2.

¹³ Lapho silalela amagunya aphakeme, kuzuzana thina, kuzuze nabanye. Kanjani? Enye indlela esizuzana ngayo ukuthi asisitholi isijeziso esitholwa yilabo abangawulaleli umthetho. (Roma 13:4) Ukulalela kwakho kungathintani indlela iziphathimandla ezibheka ngayo oFakazi BakaJehova bebonke. Ngokwesibonelo, eminyakeni eminingi edlule eNigeria, kwangena amasosha eHholo LoMbuso phakathi nomhlangano webandla, efuna

13. Ukulalela kwethu kungabathinta kanjani abafowethu?

ababebhikishela ukukhokha intela. Kodwa umphathi wawo wawatshela ukuba ahambe, wathi: “OFakazi BakaJehova abakubhikisheli ukukhokha intela.” Njalo lapho ulalela umthetho kungenzeka uvikele idumela labantu bakaJehova—idumela ngelinye ilanga elingavikela okholwa nabo.—Math. 5:16.

¹⁴ Noma kunjalo, ngezinye izikhathi singase singathandi ukulalela amagunya aphakeme. UJoanna, udade wase-United States uyavuma: “Kwakunzima kakhulu ukuba ngilalele ngoba iziphathimandla zazibaphathe ngokungenabulungisa abanye emndenini wakithi.” Kodwa uJoanna wenza isinqumo sokuthi uzoyishintsha indlela acabanga ngayo. Okokuqala, wayeka ukufunda izinto ezinkundleni zokuxhumana ezazimenza angazithandi iziphathimandla. (IzAga 20:3) Okwesibili, wathandaza kuJehova wamcela ukuba amsize athembele kuye kunokuba athembele ekutheni kushintshe uhulumeni ophethe. (IHu. 9: 9, 10) Okwesithathu, wafunda ngokungathathi hlangothi ezincwadini zethu. (Joh. 17:16) Manje, uJoanna uthi ukuhlonipha nokulalela iziphathimandla kwamenza waba “nokuthula okungachazeki.”

LALELA ISIQONDISO SENHLANGANO KAJEHOVA

¹⁵ UJehova usicela ukuba ‘silalele abaholayo’ ebandleni. (Heb. 13:17) Nakuba uMholi wethu uJesu engenasono, labo abasebenzisayo ukuze bahole lapha emhlabeni, bona banesono. Singase sikuthole kunzima ukubalalela ikakhulukazi uma besicela ukuba senze into esingafuni ukuyenza. Umphostoli uPetru naye wake wanqikaza ukulalela. La-

14. Yini eyasiza omunye udade ‘washesha ukulalela’ amagunya aphakeme?

15. Kungani singase sikuthole kunzima ukulalela iziqondiso zenhlangothi kaJehova?

pho ingelosi imtshela ukuba adle izilwane ezingahlanzekile ngaphansi koMthetho KaMose, wenqaba—hhayi kanye, kodwa kathathu! (IzE. 10:9-16) Kungani anqaba? Lesi siqondiso esisha sasizwakala singenangqondo kuye. Wayejwayele ukwenza izinto ngendlela ehlu-kile. Uma uPetru akuthola kunzima ukulalela isiqondiso sengelosi engenasono, kungase kube nzima kangakanani-ke ukulalela isiqondiso sabantu abanesono!

¹⁶ Umphostoli uPawulu ‘washesha ukulalela’ ngisho nalapho ethola isiqondiso ayengase abe nomuzwa wokuthi asidingeki. AmaKristu angamaJuda ayezwe amahemuhemu ngoPawulu—amahemuhemu ayethi wayeshumayela “ukuhlubuka kuMose” futhi engawuhloniphi uMthetho KaMose. (IzE. 21:21) Amadoda amadala angamaKristu eJerusalema ayala uPawulu ukuba athathe amadoda amane, aye nawo ethempelini azihlanze ngokwesiko ukuze abonise ukuthi uyawugcina uMthetho. Kodwa wayazi ukuthi amaKristu awasekho ngaphansi koMthetho. Ngaphezu kwalokho, wayengenzanga lutho olubi. Noma kunjalo, walalela ngokushesha. “Wathatha la mado-da ngosuku olulandelayo wazihlanza kanye nawo ngokwesiko.” (**Funda izEnzo 21:23, 24, 26.**) Ukulalela kwakhe kwenza kwaba nokuthula.—Roma 14:19, 21.

¹⁷ Udade okuthiwa uStephanie wakuthola kunzima ukwamukela isinqumo esenziwa abazalwane abaholayo ezweni lakubo. Yena nomyeni wakhe babejabule, bekhonza eqenjini elikhuluma ulimi lwakwelinye izwe. Ihhovisi legatsha laliqeda lelo qembu, yena nomyeni wakhe babelwa ukuba babuyele ebandleni lolimi lwabo. UStephanie uyavuma: “Ngangi-

16. Nakuba uPawulu ayengabheka isiqondiso asithola njengesingadingekile, yini ayenza? (IzEnzo 21:23, 24, 26)

17. Ufundani kokwenzeka kuStephanie?

ngajabule neze. Mina ngangacabangi ukuthi kunesidingo esikhulu ensimini yolimi lwe-thu.” Noma kunjalo, wanquma ukusilalela lesi siqondiso esisha. Uthi: “Ngokuhamba kwe-sikhathi ngabona ukuthi lesi sinqumo sasihlakaniphile. Manje sesingabazali babantu abaningana ebandleni abangenawo umndeni eqinisweni. Ngifundela udade obepholile futhi manje sengesikhathi esengeziwe sesifundo somuntu siqu.” Uyenezela: “Nginone-mbeza ohlanzekile ngoba ngenze konke okusemandleni ukuze ngilalele.”

¹⁸ **Singakufunda** ukulalela. UJesu “wafunda ukulalela ezintweni ahlupheka ngazo,” hhayi ngoba izimo zazimvumela ngaso sonke isikhathi. (Heb. 5:8) NjengoJesu, nathi sivame ukufunda ukulalela ngaphansi kwezimo ezinzima. Ngokwesibonelo, ngasekuqaleni kobhubhane lwe-COVID-19, lapho sicelelwa ukuba singahlangani emaHholo Ombuso nokuba singashumayeli endlini ngendlu, ingabe wakuthola kunzima ukulalela? Kodwa ukulale-

18. Sizuzana kanjani uma silalela?

la kwakho kwakuvikela, kwenza ibandla laba nobunye, kwajabulisa noJehova. Manje, sonke sikulungele ukulalela noma yiziphi iziqondiso esiyozithola phakathi nosizi olukhulu. Ukusinda kwethu kungase kuxhomeke ekutheni siyalalela yini!—Jobe 36:11.

¹⁹ Sifundile ukuthi ukulalela kuletha izibusiso eziningi. Kodwa ngokuyinhloko, silalela uJehova ngoba simthanda futhi ngoba sifuna ukumjabulisa. (1 Joh. 5:3) Asisoze sakwazi ukumbuyisela uJehova ngakho konke asenzele kona. (IHu. 116:12) Kodwa **singakwazi** ukumlalela yena nalabo abanegunya phezu kwethu. Uma silalela, sibonisa ukuthi sihlakaniphile futhi abantu abahlakaniphile bayamjabulisa uJehova.—IzAga 27:11.

19. Kungani ufuna ukulalela?

INCAZELO YESITHOMBE Amakhasi 8-9: UJosefa noMariya balalela umyalo kaKhesari wokuba bayobhalisa eBethlehem. Namuhla amaKristu alalela imithetho yomgwaqo, eyentela neyezempilo evela “emagunyeni aphakeme.”

YINI EZOSENZA SILALELE . . .

■ abazali bethu lapho sisebasha?

■ ‘amagunya aphakeme’?

■ iziqondiso zenhlangano kaJehova?

INGOMA 38

Uyonzisa Nibe Namandla

AMAZWIBELA

Lesi sihloko sizosiza labo okungenzeka bazizwe bekhungathekile ngenxa yovivinyo noma ngenxa yesabelo abanomuzwa wokuthi singaphezu kwamandla abo. Sizofunda ngendlela uJehova angasiqinisa ngayo nokuthi yini okufanele siyenze ukuze sithole lolo sizo.

UJehova ‘Uzokwenza’ Kanjani ‘Ube Namandla’?

“[UJehova] uyonzisa niqine, uyonzisa nibe namandla, uyonisekela.” –1 PET. 5:10.

IZWI LIKANKULUNKULU livame ukuchaza abantu abathembekile ngokuthi banamandla. Kodwa ngisho nababenamandla kunabo bonke kubo ***babengazizwa*** benamandla ngaso sonke isikhathi. Ngokwesibonelo, ngezinye izikhathi iNkosi uDavide yayizizwa ‘iqine njengentaba,’ kodwa ngezinye izikhathi ‘yayesaba.’ (IHu. 30:7) Nakuba uSamsoni ayenamandla angaphezu kwavamile lapho enomoya kaNkulunkulu, waqaphela ukuthi ngaphandle kwamandla avela kuNkulunkulu wayeyoba ‘buthaka afane nabo bonke abantu.’ (AbaHl. 14: 5, 6; 16:17) La madoda athembekile ayenamandla kuphela ngenxa yokuthi uJehova wayewanike amandla.

² Umphostoli uPawulu naye wavuma ukuthi wayewadinga amandla avela kuJehova. (**Funda eyesi-2 Korinte 12:9, 10.**) Njengabaningi kithi, uPawulu wayenezinkinga zempilo. (Gal. 4:13, 14) Ngezinye izikhathi wayekuthola kunzima nokwenza okulungile. (Roma 7:18, 19) Wayebuyele akhathazeke futhi engaqiniseki ngokuthi kuzokwenzekani kuye. (2 Kor. 1:8, 9) Nokho, lapho ebuthaka wayeba namandla. Wayewathola kanjani? UJehova wayenika uPawulu amandla ayewadinga. Wayemqinisa.

³ Nathi uJehova uthembisa ukuthi uzosenza siqine. (1 Pet.

1. Izinceku zikaNkulunkulu zasendulo zaziwathola kanjani amandla?
2. Kungani uPawulu athi ubuthaka kodwa ngesikhathi esifanayo unamandla? (2 Korinte 12:9, 10)
3. Sizophendula miphil imibuzo kulesi sihloko?



Njengomprofethi uJona, singawathola kanjani amandla lapho sivivinywa? (Bheka izigaba 6-9)

izinkinga, ngikhathazeka kakhulu ngize ngingakwazi nokwenza isifundo somuntu siqu.” Kodwa akapheli amandla. Uthi: “Okokuqala, ngithandaza kuJehova. Ngemva kwalokho ngifaka ama-earphone ngilalele izingoma zoMbuso. Ngezinye izikhathi, ngiziculela phansi kuze kwehle ukukhathazeka. Ngemva kwalokho ngiyatadisha.”

⁸ Isifundo somuntu siqu simqinise ngezindlela abengazilindele uZhiming. Ngokwesibonelo, ngesikhathi elulama ngemva kokuhlinzwa okukhulu, umhlengikazi wamtshela ukuthi ngenxa yokushoda kwamangqamuzana abomvu egazi, kuzodingeka afakelwe igazi. Ngobusuku bangaphambi kokuba ahlinzwe, uZhiming wafunda ngodade owayenenkinga efanayo yempilo. Amangqamuza na akhe abomvu egazi ayehle aba ngaphansi kwawaZhiming; kodwa akazange avume ukufakwa igazi, noma kunjalo walulama. Lokho kwamqinisa uZhiming ukuba aqhubeke ethebekile.

⁹ Lapho ubhekene novivinyo, kuke kwe-

9. Uma uvivinyo lukuqeda amandla, yini ongayenza? (Bheka nezithombe.)

nzeke yini uzizwe ukhathazeke kakhulu uze ungakwazi nokuveza indlela ozizwa ngayo lapho uthandaza? Noma, ingabe uzizwa ungenawo amandla okutadisha? Khumbula ukuthi uJehova usiqonda ngokugcwele isimo sakho. Ngakho, ngisho noma wenza umthandazo olula, ungaqiniseka ngokuthi uzokunika okudingayo. (Efe. 3:20) Uma izinhlungu ozizwa emzimbeni noma ezingokomzwelo zenza kube nzima ukuba ufunde noma utadise, ungase ulalele iBhayibheli elirekhodiwe noma izincwadi ezisekelwe eBhayibhelini. Kungase kukusize nokulalela enye yezingoma zethu noma ubukele ividiyo ku-jw.org/zu. UJehova uzokuqinisa uma uthandaza kuye futhi ubheka izimpendulo zemithandazo yakho eBhayibhelini nakwezinye izinto asinikeza zona.

THOLA AMANDLA KUBAFOWENU NODADEWENU

¹⁰ UJehova angasiqinisa esebenzisa abafowethu nodadewethu abangamaKristu. Bangaba “umthombo wenduduzo enkulu” lapho

10. Basiqinisa kanjani abafowethu nodadewethu?

sivivinywa noma sishikiliswa isabelo esinzima. (Kol. 4:10, 11) Sibadinga ngokukhethekile abangani ‘ngezikhathi zosizi.’ (IzAga 17:17) Lapho sizizwa siphelela amandla, abafowethu nodadewethu bangasisiza ngokoqobo, ngokomzwelo, basikhuthaze nokuba siqhubeke sikhonza uJehova. Cabanga indlela uMariya, unina kaJesu, athola ngayo amandla kwabanye.

¹¹ UMariya wayedinga amandla. Cabanga indlela okumele ukuba wayekhingatheke ngayo ngemva kokuthola isabelo esinzima engelosini uGabriyeli. Wayezokhulelwa nakuba engashadile. Wayengakaze akhulise izingane, kodwa kwakuzodingeka akhulise ingane yomfana eyayizoba uMesiya. Njengoba aye ngakaze aye ocansini, uMariya wayezomchazela kanjani konke lokhu uJosefa ayethembisene naye umshado?—Luka 1:26-33.

¹² UMariya wawathola kanjani amandla aye wadinga ukuze afeze lesi sabelo esingavamile nesinzima? Wacela usizo kwabanye. Ngokwesibonelo, wacela uGabriyeli ukuba amtshele okwengeziwe ngalesi sabelo. (Luka 1:34) Ngemva nje kwalokho, waya “ezweni elinezintaba” lakwaJuda eyovakashela isihlobo sakhe u-Elizabethhe. Lwamsiza lolo hambo. U-Elizabethhe wamncoma uMariya futhi uJehova wamnika umoya ongcwele owamenza washo isiprofetho esikhuthazayo esiphathelene nendodana kaMariya eyayingakazalwa. (**Funda uLuka 1:39-45.**) UMariya wathi uJehova ‘wayenze izenzo zamandla ngengalo yakhe.’ (Luka 1:46-51) UJehova wasebenzisa uGabriyeli no-Elizabethhe ukuze baqinise uMariya.

11. Kungani uMariya ayedinga amandla?

12. NgokukaLuka 1:39-45, uMariya wawathola kanjani amandla ayewadinga?

¹³ NjengoMariya, nawe ungathola amandla kubafowenu nakodadewenu. UDasuri, udade waseBolivia, wayewadinga amandla anjalo. Lapho ubaba kaDasuri ethola ukuthi unesifo esibulalayo futhi engeniswa esibhedlela, uDasuri wanquma ukumnakekela. (1 Thim. 5:4) Kwakungelula ngaso sonke isikhathi. Uyavuma, “Izikhathi eziningi ngangizizwa ngipheliswa amandla.” Walucela yini usizo? Ekuqaleni akazange alucele. Uthi, “Ngangingafuni ukuhlupha abazalwane. Ngangizitshela ukuthi ‘*nguJehova* ozonginika usizo engiludingayo.’ Kodwa ngabe sengiqaphela ukuthi uma ngizihlukanisa nabanye, ngangizama ukuzixazulula *ngedwa* izinkinga zami.” (IzAga 18:1) UDasuri wanquma ukubhalela abangani bakhe abambalwa abachazele ngesimo sakhe. Uthi, “Angikwazi nokuyichaza indlela amaKristu athandekayo angiqinisa ngayo. Ayeletha ukudla esibhedlela, angiduduze nangamavesi eBhayibheli. Kujabulisa ngempela ukwazi ukuthi asisodwa. Sinomndeni omkhulu kaJehova—umndeni ozimisele ukukusiza, ukukhala nawe nokukukhuthaza.”

¹⁴ Enye indlela uJehova ayisebenzisayo ukuze asiphe amandla abadala. Bayizipho azisebenzisayo ukuze asiqinise futhi asenze siqabuleke. (Isaya 32:1, 2) Ngakho, uma ukhathazekile, batshele abadala izinto ezikhathazayo. Lapho becela ukukusiza, lwamukele usizo lwabo. UJehova angakuqinisa esebenzisa bona.

ITHEMBA ONALO NGEKUSASA LINGAKUNIKA AMANDLA

¹⁵ Ithemba lethu elisekelwe eBhayibheli ni lingasinika amandla. (Roma 4:3, 18-

13. Kwamsiza kanjani udade waseBolivia ukucela usizo kubafowabo nakodadewabo?

14. Kungani kufanele silwamukele usizo lwabadala?

15. Yiliphi ithemba wonke amaKristu analo?



Ucabanga ukuthi kuyoba njani ukuphila kwakho ezweni elisha? (Bheka isigaba 19)

20) NjengamaKristu, sinethemba eliyigugu lokuphila phakade—ukuphila phakade emhlabeni osuwenziwe ipharadesi noma eMbusweni wasezulwini. Ithemba lethu liyasiqinisa ukuze sikhuthazelele uvivinyo, sishumayele izindaba ezinhle, senze nezabelo ezihlukahlukene ebandleni. (1 Thes. 1:3) Lelo themba elifanayo lamqinisa nomphostoli uPawulu.

¹⁶ UPawulu wayedinga amandla. Encwadini ayibhalela abaseKorinte, wazifanisa nesitsha sobumba esifa kalula. ‘Wayecindezelwe kakhulu, edidekile, eshushiswa, ephonswe phansi.’ Ngisho nokuphila kwakhe kwakusengozini. (2 Kor. 4:8-10) UPawulu wabhala lawo mazwi ohambweni lwakhe lwesithathu eyisithunyuwa sevangeli. Kungenzeka ukuthi wayengazi ngaleso sikhathi ukuthi izinkinga zakhe zazingakapheli. Wayesazohlaselwa yizixuku, aboshwe, aphukelwe nawumkhumbi.

¹⁷ UPawulu wathola amandla okukhuthazele

16. Kungani umphostoli uPawulu ayedinga amandla?

17. Ngokuvumelana neyesi-2 Korinte 4:16-18, yini eyaqinisa uPawulu ukuze akhuthazelele uvivinyo?

la ngokugxila ethembeni ayenalo. (**Funda eyesi-2 Korinte 4:16-18.**) Watshele abaseKorinte ukuthi ngisho noma umzimba wakhe ‘wawuwohloka,’ wayengeke akuvumele lokho kumdikibalise. Wagxila ethembeni ayenalo. Ithemba lakhe lokuphila ezulwini ‘lalikhulu ngokwedlulele,’ lingaphezu kwanoma yiluphi usizi ayebhekane nalo. Wazindla ngalelo themba, ngenxa yalokho wazizwa sengathi “wenziswa musha usuku nosuku.”

¹⁸ UTihomir, umzalwane waseBulgaria, uthola amandla ethembeni analo. Eminyakeni embalwa edlule, umfowabo omncane uZdravko, washona engozini yemoto. Kwaphela isikhathi esithile uTihomir ezwa ubuhlungu obukhulu. Ukuze bakhuthazele, yena nomndeni wakhe, babona ngeso lengqondo ukuthi luyoba njani uvuko. Uyachaza: “Ngokwesibonelo, siye sixoxe ngokuthi siyohlangana kuphi noZdravko, siyomphekela-ni, obani abayomenywa ephathini yokuqala

18. Ukuba nethemba kumqinise kanjani uTihomir nomndeni wakhe?

ngemva kokuba evusiwe, nokuthi yini esiyo-mxoxela yona ngokwenzeka ezinsukwini zokugcina.” UTihomir uthi ukugxila ethembeni abanalo kuqinisa umndeneni wakhe uqhubeke ukhuthazela futhi uhlale ulinde isikhathi uJehova ayovusa ngaso umfowabo.

¹⁹ Ungaliqinisa kanjani elakho ithemba? Ngokwesibonelo, uma unethemba lokuphila phakade emhlabeni, funda ngokuthi iBhayibheli lilichaza kanjani iPharadesi bese uzindla ngalo. (Isaya 25:8; 32:16-18) Cabanga ngokuthi kuyoba njani ukuphila ezweni elisha. Awuzibone ngeso lengqondo ulapho. Ubona bani? Yimiphi imisindo oyizwayo? Uzizwa kanjani? Ukuze ukwazi ukubona iPharadesi ngeso lengqondo, buka izithombe ezisezincwadini zethu noma ubukele ividiyo yomculo enjengethi *Sisezwen' Elisha, Ususemnyango*, noma ethi *Zicabange*. Uma siligcina liphila ithemba lokuphila ezweni elisha ezingqondweni zethu, izinkinga zethu ziyoba 'ezomzuzwana futhi zibe lula.' (2 Kor. 4:17) UJehova uzokwenza uqine ngethemba akunikeze lona.

19. Yini ongayenza ukuze uqinise elakho ithemba? (Bheka nesithombe.)

²⁰ Ngisho noma sizizwa singenamandla, “uNkulunkulu uzosinika amandla.” (IHu. 108:13) Usekunikele kakade izinto ozidingayo ukuze uthole amandla kuye. Ngakho, lapho udinga usizo lokufeza isabelo esithile, lokukhuthazelela uvivinyo, noma lokuqhubeka ujabule, thandaza kuJehova ngokusuka enhliziyweni futhi ufune isiqondiso sakhe ngesifundo somuntu siqu. Samukele isikhuthazo esivela kubafowenu nakodadewenu abangamaKristu. Gcina ithemba lakho liphila futhi likhanya bha. Uma wenza kanjalo, 'uyoqiniswa ngawo wonke amandla ngokwamandla [kaNkulunkulu] akhazimulayo ukuze ukhuthazele ngokugcwele ngokubekezela nangenjabulo.'—Kol. 1:11.

20. Singawathola kanjani amandla ngisho nalapho sizizwa singenamandla?

INCAZELO YESITHOMBE Ikhasi 16: Udade oyisithulu ucabanga ngezithembiso zeBhayibheli, udlala ividiyo yomculo emenza abone ngeso lengqondo ukuthi ukuphila kwakhe kuyoba njani ezweni elisha.

UNGAWATHOLA KANJANI AMANDLA . . .

- ngokuthandaza nangokutadisha?
- kubafowenu nakodadewenu?
- ethembeni lesikhathi esizayo?

INGOMA 95

Ukukhanya Kuba Kukhulu

AMAZWIBELA

Ukutadisha iBhayibheli kungasenza sijabule ukuphila kwethu konke. Kuyasizuzisa, kusisondeze nakuBaba wethu osezulwini. Kulesi sihloko sizobona ukuthi singabuhlola kanjani 'ububanzi, ubude, ukuphakama nokujula' kweZwi likaNkulunkulu.

Tadisha IZwi LikaNkulunkulu Ujule

'Kuqonde ngokugcwele ububanzi nobude nokuphakama nokujula.'

—EFE. 3:18.

ZIBONE ngeso lengqondo ufuna ukuthenga indlu. Yini ongathanda ukuyibona ngaphambi kokuba uyithenge? Ingabe ungafuna ukubona isithombe sokuthi injani ngaphambili? Akungabazeki ukuthi ungafuna ukuyibona ngokoqobo leyo ndlu ukuze uyizungeze, ungene phakathi uhlole wonke amakamelo, ubuke nazo zonke izingxenye zayo. Ungase ufune ngisho nokubheka ipulani yaleyo ndlu ukuze ubone ukuthi yakhiwa kanjani. Kusobala ukuthi ungathanda ukubona yonke imininingwane yale ndlu ofuna ukuyithenga.

² Singenza okufanayo nalapho sifunda futhi sitadisha iBhayibheli. Esinye isazi sifanisa umyalezo weBhayibheli “nesakhiwo esivulekile, eside esinesisekelo esijulile.” Uma linjalo, singakwazi kanjani-ke konke okuseBhayibhelini? Uma ulifunda ujaha, ungase uthole amaqiniso ayisisekelo kuphela—“izinto zokucathula zamazwi angcwele kaNkulunkulu.” (Heb. 5:12) Kunokulifunda ujahe, yenza ngendlela obungenza ngayo kule ndlu esixoxe ngayo, ngena ngaphakathi uhlole imininingwane yalo. Indlela enhle kakhulu yokutadisha iBhayibheli iwukubona ukuthi izingxenye ezihlukahlukene zomyalezo walo zihlobana **kanjani**. Ungagcini nje ngokuqonda ukuthi **yimaphi** amaqiniso owakholelwayo kodwa qonda nokuthi **kungani** uwa-kholelwa.

³ Ukuze siyiqonde ngokugcwele yonke imininingwane yeZwi likaNkulunkulu, kumele sifunde amaqiniso alo ajulile.

1-2. Iyiphi indlela enhle kakhulu yokufunda nokutadisha iBhayibheli? Fane-kisa.

3. Umphostoli uPawulu wanxusa amaKristu akanye naye ukuba enzeni, futhi kungani? (Efesu 3:14-19)

Umphostoli uPawulu wanxusa abafowabo no-dadewabo abangamaKristu ukuba balitadishe ngenkuthalo iZwi likaNkulunkulu ukuze ‘ba-kuqonde ngokugcwele **ububanzi nobude nokuphakama nokujula**’ kweqiniso. Uma benza kanjalo ‘babeyoma baqine, bagxile njengezim-pande zesihlahla’ okholweni lwabo. **(Funda eyabase-Efesu 3:14-19.)** Nathi kudingeka se-nze okufanayo. Ake sibone ukuthi singalihlo-la kanjani iZwi likaNkulunkulu ukuze sibe no-mqondo obanzi walokho elikushoyo.

HLOLA AMAQINISO EBHAYIBHELI AJULILE

⁴ NjengamaKristu, asaneliswa ukuba nolwa-zi lweBhayibheli oluyisisekelo nje kuphe-la. Ngenxa yokuthi sisizwa umoya ongcwele kaNkulunkulu, sizimisele ukufunda “ngisho nezinto ezijulile zikaNkulunkulu.” (1 Kor. 2:9, 10) Kungani ungenzi isifundo somuntu siqu esizokusiza usondele nakakhulu kuJehova? Ngokwesibonelo, ungafunda indlela aye-bonisa ngayo ukuthi uyazithanda izinceku zakhe zasendulo nendlela lokho okufakaze-la ngayo ukuthi uyakuthanda nawe. Ungase uhlole ukuthi uJehova wayekhonza kanja-ni kwa-Israyeli nokuthi lokho kufana kanjani nendlela amaKristu amkhonza ngayo namu-hla. Noma ungase uzitadishe ujule iziprofe-tho ezagcwaliswa uJesu phakathi nokuphila nenkonzo yakhe emhlabeni.

⁵ Kwabuzwa abafundi beBhayibheli abathile abakhuthele ukuthi yiziphi izinto abangatha-nda ukuzihlola eZwini likaNkulunkulu. Ezi-nye zezimpendulo zabo zisebhokisini elithi “Ongakutadisha Lapho Wenza Isifundo So-muntu Siqu.” Kuyokujabulisa kakhulu uku-tadisha lezi zinto usebenzisa i-*Watch Tower*

4. Yini esingayenza ukuze sisondele nakakhulu kuJehova? Nikeza izibonelo.

5. Yini ongathanda ukuyicwaninga esifundweni sakho somuntu siqu?

Ongakutadisha Lapho Wenza Isifundo Somuntu Siqu

1. Indlela isihloko seBhayibheli esithuthuki-swa ngayo kusukela kuGenesis kuya encwadini yesAmbulo
2. Ukuyiqonda ngokucacile incazelo yegama likaJehova
3. Indlela izivumelwano okukhulunywa ngazo eBhayibhelini ezihlobana ngayo nenjongo kaNkulunkulu
4. Ukubaluleka kwemihlatshelo eyayifuneka ngaphansi koMthetho KaMose
5. Isikhuthazo esisithola eziprofethweni zika-Isaya ezimayelana nokubuyela kwama-Israyeli ezweni lawo
6. Indlela uJehova asebenzisa ngayo umoya wakhe ukuze afeze intando yakhe
7. Ukufana okukhona phakathi kwezipro-fetho ezisencwadini kaDaniyele nezisencwadini yesAmbulo

Publications Index noma *INCwadi Yokutadisha YoFakazi BakaJehova*. Ukutadisha iBhayibheli ujule kungaluqinisa ukholo lwakho, kukusize ‘uthole ulwazi ngoNkulunkulu.’ (IzAga 2:4, 5) Manje ake sixoxe ngamanye amaqiniso ajulile aseBhayibhelini esingawatadisha.

ZINDLA NGENJONGO KANKULUNKULU

⁶ Ngokwesibonelo, cabanga ngalokho iBha-yibheli elikushoyo ngenjongo kaNkulunkulu.

6. (a) Uyini umehluko phakathi kwepulani nenjongo? (b) Kungani kuthiwa injongo kaJehova ngabantu nomhlaba ‘ingunaphakade’? (Efesu 3:11)

Kunomehluko omkhulu phakathi kwepulani nenjongo. **Ipulani** ifana nomgwaqo ongaku-yisa lapho ufuna ukuya khona. Nokho, uma umgwaqo uvaliwe, ipulani ingase ingaphumeleli, okusho ukuthi ungase ungafiki lapho uya khona. **Injongo** yona ifana nendawo oya kuyo. Sazi kahle ukuthi sifuna ukuyaphi kodwa singahamba ngemigwaqo engafani ukuze sifike lapho. Uma kukhona umgwaqo ovaliwe, unghamba ngomunye. Siyabonga ngokuthi uJehova uyembule kancane kancane ‘injongo [yakhe] engunaphakade’ eBhayibheleni. Angakhetha izindlela ezingafani zokufeza injongo yakhe futhi uhlale ephumelela ngoba “wenza zonke izinto zifeze injongo yakhe.” (IzAga 16:4) Imiphumela yalokho uJehova akwenzayo iyohlala phakade. Iyini injongo kaJehova futhi yiluphi ushintsho alwenzile ukuze ayifeze?

⁷ UNkulunkulu watshela abantu bokuqala ukuthi yayiyini injongo yakhe ngabo. Wathi: “Zalani nande, nigcwalise umhlaba niwunqobe, nithotshelwe . . . [yizo] zonke izilwane eziphilayo ezihamba emhlabeni.” (Gen. 1:28) Lapho u-Adamu no-Eva behlubuka, bebangela ukuba sonke isintu sibe nesono, injongo kaJehova ayizange ishintshe. Washintsha indlela eyayizofezeka ngayo. Ngokushesha, wanquma ukumisa uMbuso ezulwini owawuzofeza injongo yakhe yasekuqaleni ngabantu nangomhlaba. **(Funda uMathewu 25:34.)** Ngesikhathi sakhe esifanele, ngothando uJehova wathumela iNdodana yakhe eyizibulo emhlabeni ukuze ifundise abantu ngalo Mbuso futhi inikele ngokuphila kwayo ukuze isihlunge esonweni nasekufeni. Ngemva kwalokho, uJesu wavuswa wabuyela ezulwini ukuze

7. Ngemva kokuhlubuka kwabantu bokuqala, uJehova wayishintsha kanjani indlela ayezofeza ngayo injongo yakhe? (Mathewu 25:34)

abuse njengeNkosi yoMbuso kaNkulunkulu. Kodwa kunokwengeziwe esingakufunda ngenjongo kaNkulunkulu.

⁸ Isihloko esiyinhloko seBhayibheli siwukuthi igama likaJehova liyolwelwa lapho efeza injongo yakhe ngomhlaba esebenzisa uMbuso wakhe osezandleni zikaKristu. Akekho ongashintsha injongo kaJehova. Usiqinisekile ukuthi uzoyifeza nakanjani. (Isaya 46:10, 11, mbhw.; Heb. 6:17, 18) Ngokuhamba kwesikhathi, umhlaba uyoguqulwa ube ipharadesi okuyohlala kulo inzalo elungile ka-Adamu no-Eva, ‘iphile kuze kube phakade.’ (IHu. 22:26) Kodwa injongo kaJehova ayipheleli lapha. Ekugcineni injongo yakhe iwukwenza zonke izidalwa zakhe ezihlakaniphile ezisezulwini nasemhlabeni zibe nobunye. Ngemva kwalokho, bonke abaphilayo bayozithoba ngobuqotho kuye njengoMbusi wabo. **(Funda eyabase-Efesu 1:8-11.)** Ayikumangazi yini indlela enhle uJehova afeza ngayo injongo yakhe?

CABANGISISA NGEKUSASA LAKHO

⁹ Cabanga ngesiprofetho uJehova asisho ensimini yase-Edene esibhalwe kuGenesis 3:15.* Sakhuluma ngezenzakalo ezaziyo-gcwalisa injongo yakhe kodwa ezaziyo-kwenzeka ngemva kwezinkulungwane zeminyaka. Lezi zenzakalo zazihlanganisa ukuvela kwezizalo ka-Abrahama, uhlu lozalo olwaluyohlalela ekuzalweni kukaKristu. (Gen. 22:15-18) Kwathi ngo-33 C.E., uJesu walinyazwa esithendeni njengoba kwakubikezelwe. (IzE. 3:13-

* Bheka isihloko esithi “Isiprofetho Sasendulo Esibalulekile Kuwe” kuyi-Nqabayokulinda kaJulayi 2022.

8. (a) Sithini isihloko seBhayibheli? (b) Njengoba kuchazwe kweyabase-Efesu 1:8-11, yini enye uJehova ayoyifeza? (Bheka isithombe esisekhasini 1.)

9. Singakwazi ukubona izinto eziyokwenzeka ngemva kwesikhathi esingakanani uma sifunda iBhayibheli?



Uyozizwa usondelene kangakanani noJehova ngemva kokufunda ngaye izigidigidi zeminyaka?

(Bheka isigaba 11)

15) Isenzakalo sokugcina saleso siprofetho, esiwukuchotshozwa kwekhanda likaSathane, kusasele iminyaka engaphezu kuka-1 000 ukuba senzeke. (IsAm. 20:7-10) IBhayibheli lembula okuningi kakhulu okuzokwenzeka njengoba ubutha phakathi kwezwe likaSathane nenhlangano kaJehova bufinyelela umvuthwandaba.

¹⁰ Cabanga ngalezi zenzakalo ezizonyakazisa umhlaba ezibikezelwa iBhayibheli. Esokuqala, izizwe zizomemezela “ukuthula nokulondeka!” (1 Thes. 5:2, 3) “Ngaso leso sikhathi” kuyoqala usizi olukhulu lapho izizwe zihlasela yonke inkolo yamanga. (IsAm. 17:16) Ngemva kwalokho, kungenzeka kube nesibonakaliso esingaphezu kwamandla avamile ‘seNdodana yomuntu iza iphezu kwamafu ezulu inamandla nenkazimulo enkulu.’ (Math. 24:30) UJesu uyokwahlulela abantu, ahlukalise izimvu ezimbuzini. (Math. 25:31-33, 46) Ngaleso sikhathi uSathane uyobe engasongile izandla. Ngenxa yenzondo anayo, uyogqugqu-

10. (a) Yiziphi izenzakalo ezizokwenzeka maduzane? (b) Singazilungiselela kanjani izingqondo nezinhliziyi zethu? (Bheka umbhalo waphansi.)

zela uGogi wezwe lakwaMagogi, okuyizizwe eziyohlangana zihlasele abantu bakaNkulunkulu, ukuba athathe isinyathelo sokuhlasela izikhonzi zikaJehova. (Hez. 38:2, 10, 11) Ngemva kwesikhathi esithile, abagcotshiwe abasele bayoyiswa ezulwini babe kanye noKristu namabutho akhe asezulwini ukuze balwe empini ye-Armagedoni, eyobe iwumvuthwandaba wosizi olukhulu.* (Math. 24:31; IsAm. 16:14, 16) Ngemva kwalokho, ukuBusa KukaKristu Kweminyaka Eyinkulungwane emhlabeni kuyoqala.—IsAm. 20:6.

¹¹ Manje, ake ubheke ngale kweminyaka engu-1 000. IBhayibheli lithi uMdali wethu “uze wafaka ngisho nobuphokade ezinhliziyweni [zethu].” (UmSh. 3:11) Cabanga ukuthi lokho kusho ukuthini ngawe nobuhlobo bakho noJehova. Nakhu okujabulisayo okushiwo incwadi ethi *Sondela KuJehova*, ikhasi 319: “Uma sesiphile iminyaka

* Ukuze uzilungiselele ukubhekana nezenzakalo ezizonyakazisa umhlaba maduzane, bheka incwadi ethi *UMbuso KaNkulunkulu Uyabusa!* k. 230.

11. Yini olangazelela ukuyibona uma usuphila phakade? (Bheka nesithombe.)



Cabanga injabulo oyoba nayo ezweni elisha ngenxa yokuthi wasiza abantu baba oFakazi BakaJehova nabafundi bakaJesu!

(Bheka isigaba 14)

engamakhulu, eyizinkulungwane, eyizigidi, ngisho neyizigidi eziyizinkulungwane, siyobe sesazi okuningi kakhulu ngoJehova uNkulunkulu kunamanje. Kodwa siyobe sisenomuzwa wokuthi kusenenqwaba yezinto ezimangalisayo okusamele sizifunde. . . . Ukuphila okuphakade kuyoba okucebile nokunezinto ezihlukahlukene ngendlela esingenakuyicabanga—futhi ukusondela kakhulu kuJehova yikona okuyosizuzisa kakhulu ngaso sonke isikhathi.” Okwamanje, njengoba siqhubeka sitadisha iZwi likaNkulunkulu, yini enye esingayihlola?

BHEKA PHEZULU EMAZULWINI

¹² IZwi likaNkulunkulu lisembulela kanca nje ukuthi kunjani ukuba lapho uJehova ekhona, “endaweni ephakeme.” (Isaya 33:5) IBhayibheli lembula izinto ezimangalisayo

12. Singabheka kanjani phezulu emazulwini? Nikeza isibonelo.

ngoJehova nangengxenywe esezulwini yenhlangano yakhe. (Isaya 6:1-4; Dan. 7:9, 10; IsAm. 4:1-6) Ngokwesibonelo, singafunda ngezinto ezimangalisayo uHezekeli azibona lapho ‘amazulu evuleka, eqala ukubona imibono kaNkulunkulu.’—Hez. 1:1.

¹³ Cabanga nangendima kaJesu yokuba iNkosi ebusayo emazulwini nomPristi Ophakeme onozwela. Singasondela ngoJesu “esihlalweni sobukhosi [sikaNkulunkulu] somusa omkhulu,” ngomthandazo sicele isihe nosizo “ngesikhathi esifanele.” **(Funda eyamaHebheru 4:14-16.)** Kwangathi singelokothe sivumele ukuba kudlule usuku singazange sicabange ngalokho uJehova noJesu abasenzele kona nabasenzela kona manje besemazulwini. Uthando lwabo kufanele lusithinte ngokujulile, lusenze simkhonze ngentshiseko uJehova.—2 Kor. 5:14, 15.

13. Yini oyazisayo ngendima kaJesu emazulwini, njengoba ichazwe kweyamaHebheru 4:14-16?

¹⁴ Enye yezindlela ezinhle kakhulu yokubonisa ukuthi simbonga kangakanani uNkulunkulu wethu neNdodana yakhe iwukusiza abanye babe oFakazi BakaJehova nabafundi bakaJesu. (Math. 28:19, 20) Yilokho umphostoli uPawulu akwenza ukuze abonise ukuthi uyambonga uNkulunkulu noKristu. Wayazi ukuthi intando kaJehova iwukuba “zonke izinhlobo zabantu zisindiswe futhi zithole ulwazi olunembile lweqiniso.” (1 Tim. 2:3, 4) Wasebenza kanzima enkonzweni esiza abaningi ngangokunokwenzeka ukuze ‘ngazo zonke izindlela asindise abathile’ uma kungezeka.—1 Kor. 9:22, 23.

KUJABULELE UKUHLOLA IZWI LIKANKULUNKULU

¹⁵ Kuyafaneleka ukuthi umhubi wachaza umuntu ojabulayo nophumelelayo ngokuthi ‘ujabula ngomthetho kaJehova’ nangokuthi “uzindla ngomthetho waKhe imini nobusuku.” (IHu. 1:1-3; mbhw.) Ekhuluma ngalo mBha-

14. Iyiphi enye yezindlela ezinhle kakhulu esingabonisa ngayo ukuthi siyambonga uJehova noJesu? (Bheka nezi-thombe.)

15. IHubo 1:2 lithi yini ezosenza sijabule?

lo encwadini yakhe ethi *Studies in the Psalms*, umhumushi weBhayibheli, uJoseph Rothe-rham, wathi umuntu kufanele “asithande kakhulu isiqondiso sikaNkulunkulu kangango-kuba asifune, asifunde, achithe nesikhathi esiningi ecabanga ngaso.” Wanezela noku-thi “uma kudlula usuku umuntu engalifu-ndanga iBhayibheli ukuze athole ukuhlaka-nipha kwalo, lolo suku luyobe lumlahlekele.” Ungakujabulela ukutadisha iBhayibheli ngo-kufunda konke ongakufunda ngemininingwane yalo ebalulekile nangokubona indlela konke okuhlobana ngayo. Kujabulisa ngempela uku-hlola ububanzi, ubude, ukuphakama nokujula kweZwi likaNkulunkulu!

¹⁶ Amaqiniso amnandi uJehova asifundisa wona eZwini lakhe awanzima kakhulu ukuba singangawaqonda. Esihlokweni esilandelayo sizofunda ngelinye lamaqiniso ajulile—ithe-mpeli likaJehova elikhulu elingokomoya, lelo uPawulu alichaza encwadini ayibhalela ama-Kristu angamaHebheru. Kwangathi ukufunda lesi sihloko kungakujabulisa kakhulu.

16. Sizoxoxa ngani esihlokweni esilandelayo?

UNGAPHENDULA KANJANI?

■ Iyiphi injongo kaJehova eyi-nhloko?

■ Lithini iBhayibheli ngekusa-sa lethu?

■ Singabheka kanjani phezulu emazulwini?

INGOMA 93

Busisa Ukuhlangana
Kwethu

AMAZWIBELA

Enye yezimfundiso ezijulile eziseZwini likaNkulunkulu iphatelene nethempeli likaJehova elikhulu elingokomoya. Liyini lelo thempeli? Kulesi sihloko sizoxoxa ngemininingwane esencwadini yamaHebheru ephathelene naleli thempeli. Kwangathi lesi sihloko singakwenza ulazise nakakhulu ilungelo onalo lokukhonza uJehova.

Lazise Ilungelo Onalo Lokukhonza Ethempeleli LikaJehova Elingokomoya

“Khulekelani Lowo owenza izulu nomhlaba.”—ISAM. 14:7.

UKUBE ingelosi ibingakhuluma nawe, ubungayilalela? Namuhla ingelosi ikhuluma nazo “zonke izizwe nezinhlanga nezilimi nabantu.” Ithini? Ithi: “Mesabeni uNkulunkulu nimnike inkazimulo . . . Khulekelani Lowo owenza izulu nomhlaba.” (IsAm. 14:6, 7) UJehova uyena kuphela uNkulunkulu weqiniso okufanele akhonzwe yibo bonke abantu. Asive sibonga ngokuthi usinikeze ithuba eliyigugu lokumkhonza ethempeli lakhe elikhulu elingokomoya!

² Liyini ngempela leli thempeli elingokomoya futhi singayitholaphi imininingwane elichazayo? Ithempeleli elingokomoya alisona isakhiwo esingokoqobo. ***Liyilungiselelo likaJehova lokumkhonza ngendlela ayamukelayo esekelwe emhlatshelweni wesihlengo sikaJesu.*** Umphostoli uPawulu walichaza leli lungiselelo encwadini ayibhalela amaKristu ekhulu lokuqala angamaHebheru ayehlala eJudiya.*

³ Kungani uPawulu abhalela amaKristu angamaHebheru ayehlala eJudiya? Cishe zimbili izizathu eziyinhloko. Esokuqala, wayefuna ukuwakhuthaza. Iningi lawo lalikhulele enkolweni yamaJuda. Kungenzeka ukuthi abaholi bawo benkolo bangaphambili babehlekisa ngawo ngoba esengamaKristu.

* Ukuze uthole amazwibela encwadi yamaHebheru, bukela ividiyo ethi *Isethulo Sencwadi Eya KumaHebheru* ku-jw.org/zu.

1. Ithini ingelosi, futhi lokho kusho ukuthini kithi?
2. Liyini ithempeli likaJehova elingokomoya? (Bheka nebhokisi elithi “Lokho Elingekona.”)
- 3-4. Yini eyayikhathaza uPawulu ngamaKristu angamaHebheru ayehlala eJudiya, futhi wawasiza kanjani?

Kungani? Kungenxa yokuthi amaKristu aye- ngenalo ithempeli elibabazekayo ayekhonza kulo, engenalo i-altare ayengenzela kulo imi- hlatshelo eya kuNkulunkulu, engenabo naba- pristi ababewakhonza. Kwakungabadikibalisa lokhu abafundi bakaKristu, kwenze nokholo lwabo lube buthaka. (Heb. 2:1; 3:12, 14) Ku- ngenzeka nokuthi abanye babo babengalinge- ka bafune ukubuyela enkolweni yamaJuda.

⁴ Esesibili, uPawulu wathi lawo maKristu angamaHebheru ayengawenzi umzamo woku- qonda izimfundiso ezintsha noma ezijulile, “ukudla okuqinile” okuseZwini likaNkulunku- lu. (Heb. 5:11-14) Kusobala ukuthi amanye ayesabambelele eMthethweni KaMose. No- kho, uPawulu wachaza ukuthi imihlatshelo eyayifuneka ngaphansi koMthetho KaMose yayingazisusi ngokuphelele izono. Yingakho uMthetho ‘washaywa indiva.’ Ngenxa yalo- kho, uPawulu wabe esewafundisa amaqiniso ajulile. Wakhumbuza amaKristu akanye naye ‘ngethemba elingcono’ elisekelwe emhlatshe- lweni kaJesu owawungawasiza ngempela uku- ba ‘asondele kuNkulunkulu.’—Heb. 7:18, 19.

⁵ UPawulu wachazela abafowabo abanga- maHebheru ukuthi kungani indlela aba- bekhonza ngayo uJehova yayingcono ku- nendlela ababemkhonza ngayo esikhathini esingaphambili. Indlela amaJuda ayekho- nza ngayo ngaphansi koMthetho KaMose ya- yimane “*iyisithunzi* sezinto ezazizofika, ko- dwa *okungokoqobo* kungokukaKristu.” (Kol. 2:17) Isithunzi asifani ncamashi nento esuke ibangela ukuba kube naleso sithunzi. Ngo- kufanayo, indlela amaJuda ayekhonza ngayo endulo yayimane iyisithunzi sento engokoqo- bo eyayiseza. Kudingeka siliqonde ilungise- lelo likaJehova lokusithethelela izono ukuze

5. Yini okudingeka siyiqonde encwadini yamaHebheru, futhi kungani?

Lokho Elingekona

- Ithempeli elingokomoya alilona ithempeli uHezekeli alibona embonweni, eligcizelela imithetho kaJehova yokumkhonza nge- ndlela emsulwa nokubuyiselwa kwendlela emsulwa yokumkhonza esikhathini sethu. —Hez. 40:1-5.*
- Alilona “ithempeli elingcwele likaJehova,” lona elibhekisela kwabagcotshiwe aba- khonza ebandleni lobuKristu.—Efe. 2: 19-22; 1 Kor. 3:16, 17; 2 Kor. 6:16.#
- Alilona ipharadesi lethu elingokomoya —ukuthula nobunye esinabo nabafowethu nodadewethu ngenxa yokuthi sikhonza uJehova ethempelini elingokomoya.

* Bheka incwadi ethi *Indlela Emsulwa Yokukhonza UJehova—Iyabuyiselwa Ekugcineni!* k. 240.

Bheka ibhokisi elithi “Indlela Umoya Owakwembula Ngayo Okushiwo Ithempeli Elingokomoya” kuyi-Nqaba- yokulinda kaJulayi 15, 2010, k. 22.

ayamukele indlela esimkhonza ngayo. Ma- nje ake siqhathanise ‘okuyisithunzi’ (indle- la amaJuda ayekhonza ngayo endulo) ‘no- kungokoqobo’ (indlela amaKristu akhonza ngayo), njengoba kuchazwe encwadini yama- Hebheru. Uma senza kanjalo, sizoliqonda ka- ngcono ithempeli elingokomoya nokuthi lisi- thinta kanjani thina.

ITABERNAKELE

⁶ *Okuyisithunzi*. Ingxoxo kaPawulu ekhulu- ma ngethempeli elingokomoya isekelwe eta- bernakele elamiswa uMose ngo-1512 B.C.E.

6. Lalisetshenziselwa yiphi injongo itabernakele?

(Bheka ishadi elithi “Okuyisithunzi—Okungokoqobo.”) Itabernakele laliyisakhiwo esi-njengetende ama-Israyeli ayesithwala ekuqaleni lapho esuka kwenye indawo eya kwenye. Alisebenzisa cishe iminyaka engu-500 kwaze kwaba yilapho sekwakhiwe ithempeli eJerusalem. (Eks. 25:8, 9; Num. 9:22) Leli “tende lokuhlangana” laliyindawo eyinhloko ama-Israyeli ayehlangana kuyo ukuze akhonze uNkulunkulu anikele nemihlatshelo. (Eks. 29:43-46) Noma kunjalo, leli tabernakele lalimelala nokuthile okungcono kakhulu kwamaKristu okwakuseza.

7 Okungokoqobo. Itabernakele lasendulo ‘laliyisithunzi sezinto zasezulwini,’ futhi lalifanekisela ithempeli likaJehova elikhulu elingokomoya. UPawulu wathi “leli tende [noma itabernakele] liwumfanekiso wesikhathi samanje.” (Heb. 8:5; 9:9) Ngakho, ngesikhathi ebhalela amaHebheru, leli thempeli elingokomoya lase livele likhona, liyinto engokoqobo kumaKristu. Laba khona ngo-29 C.E. Ngalowo nyaka uJesu wabhathizwa, wagcotshwa ngomoya ongcwele, waqala ukukhonza ‘njengompristi ophakeme omkhulu’ kaJehova ethempelini elingokomoya.*—Heb. 4:14; IzE. 10:37, 38.

UMPRISTI OPHAKEME

8 Okuyisithunzi. UmPristi Ophakeme wayenikezwe igunya lokumelela abantu phambi kukaNkulunkulu. Lapho itabernakele linikezelwa, uJehova wamisa umPristi Ophakeme wokuqala kwa-Israyeli, u-Aroni. Nokho, njengoba uPawulu achaza, “baningi okwadinge-

* Incwadi yamaHebheru iyona kuphela emiBhalweni YamaKristu YesiGrekhi ebiza uJesu ngokuthi umPristi Ophakeme.

7. Ithempeli elingokomoya laqala nini ukuba khona?

8-9. NgokweyamaHebheru 7:23-27, yimuphi umehluko omkhulu phakathi kwabapristi abaphakeme bakwa-Israyeli nomPristi Ophakeme, uJesu Kristu?

ka babe abapristi ngokulandelana ngenxa yokuthi ukufa kwabavimba ukuba baqhubeke beyibo.”* (**Funda eyamaHebheru 7:23-27.**) Labo bapristi abaphakeme babengamadoda anesono, ngakho kwakudingeka benze imihlatshelo yezabo izono. Nawu-ke umehluko omkhulu phakathi kwabapristi abaphakeme bakwa-Israyeli nomPristi Ophakeme, uJesu Kristu.

9 Okungokoqobo. UJesu Kristu, njengomPristi Ophakeme, ‘uyisikhonzi sasetendeni leqiniso, elamiswa uJehova, hhayi umuntu.’ (Heb. 8:1, 2) UPawulu wathi “ngenxa yokuthi [uJesu] uqhubeka ephila kuze kube phakade, akekho olandela esikhundleni sakhe sobupristi.” Wanezela nokuthi uJesu ‘akangcolile, uhlukanisiwe nezoni,’ futhi ngokungefani nabapristi abaphakeme bakwa-Israyeli, “akudingeki ukuba anikele imihlatshelo nsuku zonke” ngenxa yezono zakhe. Manje, cabanga ngomehluko okhona phakathi kwama-altare nemihlatshelo alokho okuyisithunzi nalokho okungokoqobo.

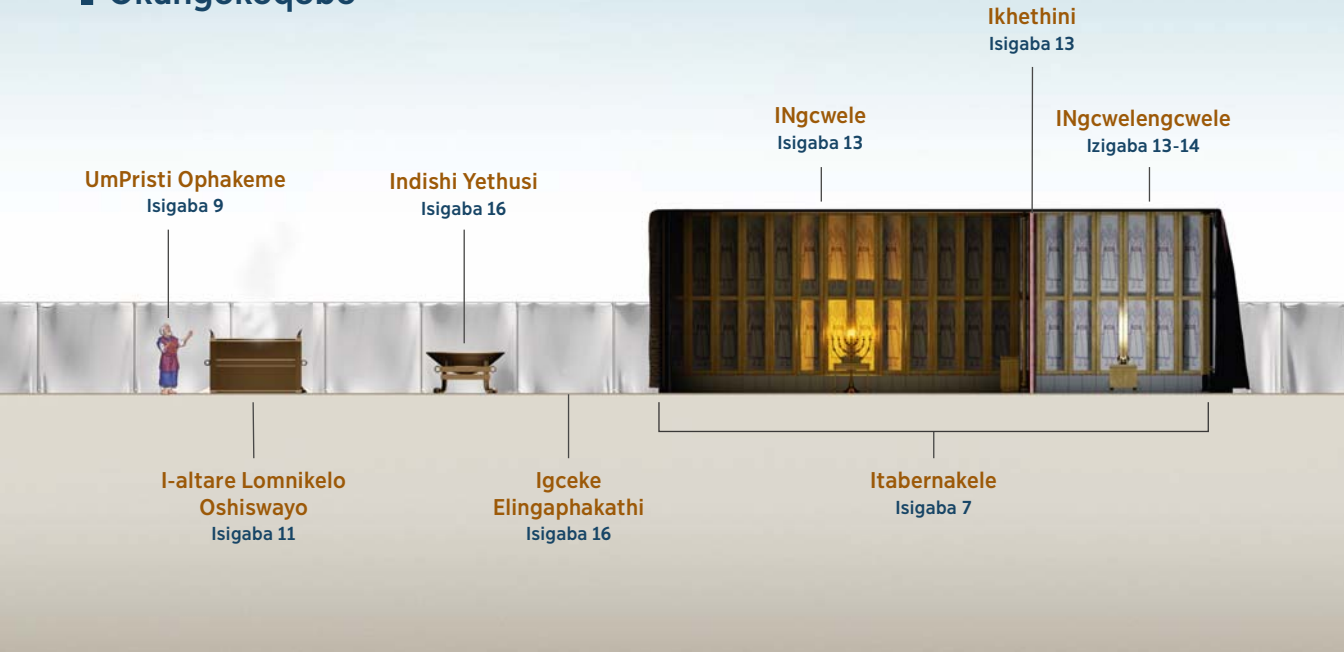
AMA-ALTARE NEMIHLATSHELO

10 Okuyisithunzi. Ngaphandle emnyango wetabernakele kwakukhona i-altare lethusi okwakunikelwa kulo imihlatshelo yezilwane eya kuJehova. (Eks. 27:1, 2; 40:29) Kodwa leyo mihlatshelo yayingenzi ukuba izono zabantu zithethelelwe ngokuphelele. (Heb. 10:1-4) Ukunikelwa kwemihlatshelo yezilwane njalo etabernakele kwakufanekisela umhlatshelo owodwa owawuzobahlenga ngokuphelele abantu.

* Enye incwadi ithi kungenzeka kwakunabapristi abaphakeme abacishe babe ngu-84 kwa-Israyeli ngesikhathi ithempeli elaliseJerusalem libhujiswa ngo-70 C.E.

10. Yayifanekiselani imihlatshelo eyayenziwa e-altare lethusi?

Okuyisithunzi Okungokoqobo



¹¹ **Okungokoqobo.** UJesu wayazi ukuthi uJehova wayemthume emhlabeni ukuba anikele ngokuphila kwakhe kube umhlatshelelo wesihlengo sesintu. (Math. 20:28) Ngakho, ngesikhathi uJesu ebhathizwa, wayezinikela ukuba enze lokho uJehova ayekufuna. (Joh. 6:38; Gal. 1:4) UJesu wazinikela e-altare elingokomfanekiso elalifanekisela “intando” kaNkulunkulu ewukuba iNdodana yakhe inikele ngokuphila kwayo okungenasono kube umhlatshelelo. UJesu wanikela ngokuphila kwakhe ‘kwaba kanye kuphela’ ukuze ahlawulele, noma amboze, unomphela izono zabo bonke ababonisa ukholo kuKristu. **(Funda eyamaHebheru 10:5-7, 10.)** Manje sesizoxoxa ngokubaluleka kwezinto ezazingaphakathi etabernakele.

11. UJesu wazinikela kuliphi i-altare ukuba abe umhlatshelelo? (Hebheru 10:5-7, 10)

INGWELE NENGCWELENGCWELE

¹² **Okuyisithunzi.** Itabernakele namatempelipeli akhiwa kamuva eJerusalema kwakhiwe ngendlela ethi ayifane. Ngaphakathi kwakunamagumbi amabili—“iNdawo Engcwele” (noma ‘iNgcwele’) ‘neNgcwelengcwele’—ayehlukaniswe ikhethini elinemi-fanekiso. (Heb. 9:2-5; Eks. 26:31-33) Ngaphakathi **eNgcwele** kwakunothi lwesibani legolide, i-altare lokushisa impepho netafula lesinkwa sokubukwa. “Abapristi abagcotshiwe” kuphela ababevunyelwe ukungena eNgcwele ukuze benze imisebenzi yabo engcwele. (Num. 3:3, 7, 10) **ENgcwelengcwele** kwakunomphongolo wesivumelwano owenziwe ngegolide owawufanekisela ukuba

12. Ubani owayengangena egunjini ngalinye letabernakele?

khona kukaJehova. (Eks. 25:21, 22) Umpristi ophakeme uyena kuphela owayevunyelwe ukudlulela ngale kwekethini angene eNgcwelengcwele kanye ngonyaka ngoSuku Lokuhlawulelwa. (Lev. 16:2, 17) Njalo ngonyaka wayengena negazi lezilwane ukuze ahlawulele ezakhe izono nezono zaso sonke isizwe. Ngokuhamba kwesikhathi uJehova, ngomoya wakhe ongcwele, wakwenza kwacaca ukuthi zazimelelani lezi zinto ezazisetabernakele.—Heb. 9:6-8.*

¹³ **Okungokoqobo.** Inani elithile labafundi bakaKristu ligcotshwe ngomoya ongcwele futhi linobuhlobo obukhethekile noJehova. Laba abangu-144 000 kumele babe abapristi ezulwini noJesu. (IsAm. 1:6; 14:1) **INGcwele** letabernakele lifanekisela isimo sabo sokuba amadodana kaNkulunkulu agcotshwe ngomoya ngesikhathi esesemhlabeni. (Roma 8:15-17) **INGcwelengcwele** letabernakele limelela izulu, lapho kuhlala khona uJehova. ‘Ikhethini’ elalihlukanisa iNgcwele neNgcwelengcwele lifanekisela umzimba kaJesu wenyama owawuyisithiyo sokuba angene ezulwini njengomPristi Ophakeme omkhulu wethempeli elingokomoya. Ngokunikela ngomzimba wakhe wenyama ukuba ube umhlatshelo, uJesu wavulela wonke amaKristu agcotshiwe indlela yokuyophila ezulwini. Nawo kumele anikele imizimba yawo yenyama ukuze athole umvuzo wasezulwini. (Heb. 10:19, 20; 1 Kor. 15:50) Ngemva kokuvuswa kukaJesu, wangena eNgcwelengcwele lethempeli elingokomoya, lapho bonke abagcotshiwe beyogcina benaye khona.

* Ukuze uthole ukuthi zazimelelani izinto ezazenziwa umpristi ophakeme ngoSuku Lokuhlawulelwa, bukela ividiyo ethi *Itende ku-jw.org/zu*.

13. Ifanekiselani iNgcwele neNgcwelengcwele letabernakele kulokho okungokoqobo?

¹⁴ Kule ndaba, umhlatshelo wesihlengo nobupristi bukaJesu Kristu kusenza sikubone ngokucacile ukuphakama kwelungiselelo likaJehova lokumkhonza ngendlela emsulwa. Umpristi ophakeme wakwa-Israyeli wayengena eNgcwelengcwele eyenziwe umuntu ephethe igazi lemihlatshelo yezilwane, kodwa uJesu yena “wangena ezulwini ngokwalo,” indawo engcwele kunazo zonke, ukuze abonakale phambi kukaJehova. Ngaleso sikhathi, wafike wanikela ngenani lokuphila kwakhe okungenasono ngenxa yethu “ukuze asuse isono ngomhlatshelo wakhe.” (**Funda eyamaHebheru 9:12, 24-26.**) Umhlatshelo kaJesu uyedlula yonke eminye imihlatshelo, uzisusa ngokuphelele izono. Njengoba sizofunda, kungakhathaliseki ukuthi sinethemba lokuphila ezulwini noma emhlabeni, sonke singamkhonza uJehova ethempelini lakhe elingokomoya.

AMAGCEKE

¹⁵ **Okuyisithunzi.** Itabernakele lalinesgeceke elilodwa—elaliyindawo ebizelwe nevulekile lapho abapristi babenza khona imisebenzi yabo. I-altare elikhulu lethusi lomnikelo oshiswayo lalikulileli gceke, kanye nendishi yamanzi yethusi abapristi ababeyisebenziselela ukuzihlanza ngaphambi kokwenza inkonzo engcwele. (Eks. 30:17-20; 40:6-8) Amathempeli akhiwa kamuva nawo ayenalo igceke elingaphandle lapho abantu ababengebona abapristi babema khona bakhonze uNkulunkulu.

¹⁶ **Okungokoqobo.** Ngaphambi kokuyokhonza njengabapristi noJesu ezulwini, abafowa-

14. EyamaHebheru 9:12, 24-26, ithi yini eyenza ilungiselelo likaJehova lethempeli elingokomoya libe eliphakeme?

15. Obani ababekhonza egcekeni letabernakele?

16. Obani abakhonza egcekeni ngalinye lethempeli elingokomoya?

bo abagcotshiwe abasele bakhonza ngokwethembeka engxenyeni esemhlabeni *yegceke elingaphakathi* lethempeli elingokomoya. Ukuba khona kwendishi enkulu yamanzi kuyisikhumbuzo esibalulekile kubo nakuwo wonke amaKristu sokuba aqhubeke eziphatha ngendlela ehlanzekile futhi abe nobuhlobo obuhle noNkulunkulu. “Isixuku esikhulu,” esibasekela ngobuqotho abafowabo bakaKristu abagcotshiwe, simkhonza kuphike sona uJehova? Umphostoli uJohane wasibona “simi phambi kwesihlalo sobukhosi,” endaweni esemhlabeni ethi ayifane *negceke elingaphandle*, lapho ‘sinikela [khona] inkonzo engcwele [kuNkulunkulu] imini nobusuku ethempelini lakhe.’ (IsAm. 7:9, 13-15) Sikwazisa ngempela ukuba nengxenyane elungiselelweni likaJehova lokumkhonza ngendlela emsulwa!

ILUNGelo ESINALO LOKUKHONZA UJEHOVA

17 Namuhla wonke amaKristu anelungelo lokunikela ngemihlatshelo kuJehova ngokusebenzisa isikhathi sawo, amandla awo nezinto anazo ukuze athuthukise imisebenzi ephathelelene noMbuso kaNkulunkulu. Njengoba uPa-

17. Yimiphi imihlatshelo esinelungelo lokuyinikela kuJehova?

wulu atshela amaKristu angamaHebheru, ‘singanikela njalo kuNkulunkulu umhlatshelo wokudumisa, okuwukuthi, amazwi aphuma emilonyeni yethu avuma obala igama lakhe.’ (Heb. 13:15) Singabonisa ukuthi siyalazisa ilungelo esinalo lokukhonza uJehova ngokunikela kuye imihlatshelo engcono kakhulu.

18 **Funda eyamaHebheru 10:22-25.** Ngasekuphetheni kwencwadi ayibhalela amaHebheru, uPawulu wakhuluma ngezici ezihlukahlukene zenkonzo yethu okufanele siqikelele ukuthi siyazinaka. Lezi zici zihlanganisa ukuthandaza kuJehova, ukushumayeza abanye ngethemba lethu, ukuhlangana ndawonye njengebandla nokukhuthazana, ‘ikakhulu njengoba sibona usuku [lukaJehova] lusondela.’ Ngasekupheleni kwencwadi ye-sAmbulo, ingelosi kaJehova iwasho kabili la mazwi ukuze iwagcizelele, ithi: “Khulekela uNkulunkulu!” (IsAm. 19:10; 22:9) Kwangathi singelinge sikhohlwe yileli qiniso elijulile elimayelana nethempeli likaJehova elikhulu elingokomoya nelungelo elimangalisayo esinalo lokukhonza uNkulunkulu wethu omkhulu!

18. NgokweyamaHebheru 10:22-25, yini okufanele siqikelele ukuthi siyayinaka, futhi yini okufanele singayikohlwa nanini?

UNGACHAZA?

- Kungani umphostoli uPawulu ayekhathazekile ngamaKristu angamaHebheru?
- Yini eyenza ilungiselelo lethempeli elingokomoya libe eliphakeme?
- Yini okumele siqikelele ukuthi siyayinaka, futhi yini okumele singayikohlwa?

Zikhona yini ezinye izinto ama-Israyeli ayezidla ehlane ngaphandle kwemana nezagwaca?



■ Imana yayiwukudla okuyinhloko kwama-Israyeli phakathi neminyaka engu 40 esehlane. (Eks. 16:35) UJehova wawapha nezagwaca kabili. (Eks. 16:12, 13; Num. 11:31) Noma kunjalo, aye-nakho okunye ukudla ayengakudla.

Ngokwesibonelo, ngezinye izikhathi uJehova wayehlela abantu bakhe ‘endaweni yokuphumula’ eyayinamanzi okuphuza nokudla ababengakudla. (Num. 10:33) Enye yalezo zindawo kwakuyi-Elimi, “lapho kwakukhona iziphethu zamanzi ezingu-12 nezihlahla zesundu ezingu-70.” (Eks. 15:27) Incwadi ethi *Plants of the Bible* ithi isihlahla sesundu, “esimila ezindaweni eziningi ogwadule, . . . yisona izigidi zabantu ezithola kuso ukudla, amafutha nendawo yokukhosela.”

Kungenzeka nokuthi ama-Israyeli ama endaweni enkulu enamanzi, namuhla ebizwa ngokuthi iFeiran, eyingxenye yeWadi Feiran.* Incwadi ethi *Discovering the World of the Bible* ithi, “lesi sigodi esinomfula singamakhilomitha angu-130 ubude futhi singesinye sezigodi ezinde, ezinhle nezidume kunazo zonke eSinayi.” Iyaqhubeka ithi: “Kulesi sigodi esinomfula, cishe emakhilomitheni angu-45 uma usuka lapho umfula unge-na khona olwandle, kuneFeiran Oasis, enhle

engamakhilomitha angu-4,8 ubude, egcwele izihlahla zesundu, ephakeme ngamamitha acishe abe ngu-610 olwandle. Iyi-Edene yaseSinayi. Kusukela endulo, abantu bebeza lapha ngenxa yezihlahla zesundu eziningi kakhulu.”

Ngesikhathi ama-Israyeli ehamba eGibhithe, ahamba nenhlama, izitsha zokuxovela, cishe nokudla okusanhlamvu namafutha. Yiqiniso, lezi zinto zazingeke zihlale isikhathi eside. Abantu bahamba ‘nanemihlambi nemfuyo eningi kakhulu.’ (Eks. 12:34-39) Nokho, ngenxa yokuthi komile ogwadule, inani lemfuyo cishe lancipha. Kungenzeka ukuthi ama-Israyeli ayidla enye. Enye imfuyo kungenzeka yenziwa imihlatshelo, yenze-lwa ngisho nonkulunkulu bamanga.* (IzE. 7:39-43) Noma kunjalo, ama-Israyeli ayeyizalalisa imfuyo, njengoba kubonisa amazwi uJehova awasho kubantu ngenxa yokungabi nokholo kwabo okubi kakhulu: “Amadodana enu ayoba abelusi ehlane iminyaka engu-40.” (Num. 14:33) Kungenzeka ukuthi babethola ubisi emihlanjini

* IBhayibheli likhuluma ngezikhathi ezimbili lapho izilwane zenziwa khona umhlatshelo oya kuJehova ehlane. Esokuqala, kwakungesikhathi kumiswa abapristi; esesibili, kwakungesikhathi sePhasika. Yomibili le mihlatshelo yenziwa ngo-1512 B.C.E., unyaka wesibili ngemva kokuphuma kwama-Israyeli eGibhithe. —Lev. 8:14–9:24; Num. 9:1-5.

* Bheka *INqabayokulinda* kaMeyi 1, 1992, kk. 24-25.

yabo, ngezikhathi ezithile bathole inyama kodwa cishe lezo zinto zazingenele ukondla abantu ababalelwa ezigidini ezintathu iminyaka engu-40.*

Le mfuyo yayikutholaphi ukudla namanzi?# Ngaleso sikhathi kungenzeka kwakunemvula eningi ehlane okwakwenza kube nokudla okuningi okungadliwa yile mfuyo. I-*Insight on the Scriptures*, Umqulu 1, ithi, eminyakeni engu-3 500 edlule, “amanzi ayemaningi e-Arabhiya kunamanje. Ukuba khona kwezigodi eziningi, ezijulile ezomile ezaziyimifula, kuwubufakazi bokuthi esikhathini esidlule kwakunemvula eningi eyayenza kube nemifula.” Noma kunjalo, leli hlane laliyindawo engenalutho neyesabeka-

* Ngasekupheleni kweminyaka engu-40, ama-Israyeli athatha imfuyo engamakhulu ayizinkulungwane yaba impango. (Num. 31:32-34) Noma kunjalo, aqhubeka edla imana aze ayongena eZweni Lesithembiso.—Josh. 5:10-12.

Akukho okubonisa ukuthi imfuyo yayidla imana ngenxa yokuthi yayikalwa ngokwalokho umuntu ngamunye angakudla.—Eks. 16:15, 16.

yo. (Dut. 8:14-16) Ngaphandle kwamanzi uJehova ayewanike wona ngokuyisimangaliso, ama-Israyeli nemfuyo yawo ngabe bafa.—Eks. 15:22-25; 17:1-6; Num. 20:2, 11.

UMose watshela ama-Israyeli ukuthi uJehova wayewondle ngemana ‘ukuze awenze azi ukuthi umuntu akaphili ngesinkwa sodwa kodwa umuntu uphila nangawo wonke amazwi aphuma emlonyeni kaJehova.’—Dut. 8:3.



Izihlahla zesundu
endaweni enamanzi
yaseFeiran

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AMACEBISO OKUTADISHA

Indlela Esingahambisana Ngayo Nokulungiswa Kwendlela Esiqonda Ngayo Izinto

Kuyilungelo elikhulu ukuphila esikhathini lapho uJehova eyicacisa ngokuqhubekayo indlela esiqonda ngayo iBhayibheli kunanini ngaphambili. (Dan. 12:4) Noma kunjalo, kungase kube nzima ukuhambisana nendlela esesiqonda ngayo amaqiniso eBhayibheli. Singazitholaphi lezi zinto ezilungisiwe nencazelo yazo?

- *Kuyi-Watch Tower Publications Index* ngaphansi kwesihloko esithi “*Beliefs Clarified*” kunohlu oluphelele lwezinto ezilungisiwe oluhlelwe ngokulandelana kweminyaka. Ukuze uthole uhlu lwezihloko, bhala ukuthi “*understanding clarified*” (ubhale nabacaphuni) ebhokisini lokufuna *kuyi-Watchtower Library* noma *kuyi-Watchtower ONLINE LIBRARY™*.
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Esifundweni sakho somuntu siqu, kungani ungakhethi okuthile okusanda kulungiswa bese ucwaninga indlela esikuqonda ngayo manje nezizathu ezingokomBhalo zalolo shintsho?

ISITHOMBE ESISEKHASINI 1:

Cabanga ngesikhathi lapho zonke izidalwa ezihlakaniphile ezulwini nasemhlabeni ziyoba nobunye futhi zibe qotho kuJehova! (Bheka isihloko esifundwayo 44, isigaba 8)

Ngena kuwebusayithi ethi jw.org/zu, noma uskene ikhodi



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